UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/633,231	08/02/2003	Daniel D. Coppens	QFIX-3	2448
GOMEZ INTERNATIONAL PATENT OFFICE, LLC 1501 N. RODNEY STREET			EXAMINER	
			SAFAVI, MICHAEL	
SUITE 101 WILMINGTON	N, DE 19806		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3637	·
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/15/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/633,231	COPPENS ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	M. Safavi	3637		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>21 F</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under the process.	s action is non-final. ince except for formal matters, pro			
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-11,13-17,19-26,28-36 and 38-47 is 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-11,13-16,20,31,32 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 17,19,21-26,28-30 and 33-35 is/are r 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	<u>2,36 and 38-47</u> is/are withdrawn fro	om consideration.		
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplished any accomplished and any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	cepted or b) objected to by the lead rawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the lead of the drawing(s) is objected to be seen t	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s) 1) \[\sum \text{Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)} \]	4) ☐ Interview Summary	(PTO-413)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-692) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate		

Application/Control Number: 10/633,231 Page 2

Art Unit: 3637

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on February 21, 2008 has been entered.

Election/Restrictions

Claims 1-11, 13-16, 20, 31, 32, 36, and 38-47 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected species of the invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on March 29, 2005.

Applicants' remarks presented on page 8 of the response of February 21, 2008 have been reviewed. However, claims 41-46 appear directed to a non-elected species of the invention. Thus, claims 41-46, along with claims 1-11, 13-16, 20, 31, 32, 36, and 38-40, and 47, are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected species of the invention. The elected species of support device of Fig. 10 does not possess "[an] indexing groove...[as] a continuous groove that runs the length or width of the device". Such might be directed to for example, the nonelected species of Fig. 11A/11B.

Art Unit: 3637

Response to Amendment

Applicants' argument found within the second paragraph on page 9 of the response appears as moot in view of Applicants' having filed a Request for Continued Examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 17, 21-26, 28, and 33-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Oliver et al. '116 in view of Wark et al. '758.

Oliver et al. '116 discloses, Figs. 1 and 2, a patient support device having at least one index positioning means 15 on a first side and at least one index positioning means 15 on a second side. The sidewalls can be seen as chamfered. An accessory device removably secured to the support is as shown in Fig. 4. An accessory device adaptor is at 20 with an attachment feature 30/40, (in the form of a clamp, cam lock, interference fit clip, pin, post and bar), on the first end of the adaptor for mateably joining the adaptor to the at least one positioning feature on the first side, an element 25 on the second end in contact with the second side of the patient support device, and an attachment means, (as can be seen in Fig. 4), for mateably joining and securing an accessory device to the accessory device adaptor. Oliver et al. does not appear to specifically disclose a

Page 4

"wherein the at least one positioning feature on the first side is asymmetrically spaced from the at least one positioning feature on the second side such that the area directly opposing the at least one positioning feature on the first side and the at least one positioning feature on the second side is free of a positioning feature".

However, Wark et al. '758 teaches providing an index positioning means along one or both side edges of a patient support device, col. 4, lines 63-67. Further, it has been well established that omission of an element and its function is obvious if the function of the element is not desired. See *Ex parte Wu*, 10 USPQ 2031 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989). See also *In re Larson*, 340 F.2d 965, 144 USPQ 347 (CCPA 1965) and *In re Kuhle*, 526 F.2d 553, 188 USPQ 7 (CCPA 1975).

Therefore, to have formed the Oliver et al. '116 support device with a given longitudinal positioning means along only one edge, (i.e., establish a positioning means 15 on only one edge alternating from one side edge to the other along the length of the support device), thus providing the necessary positioning means along either side of the support without undue work on the table stock, would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made as is taught by Wark et al. '758. The resulting support of Oliver et al. '116 would thus possess at least one index positioning means 15 on a first side being asymmetrically spaced from an at least one index positioning means 15 on the second side "such that the area directly opposing the at least one positioning feature on the first side and the at least one positioning feature on the second side is free of a positioning feature".

Claims 17, 19, 21-26, 28, 29, 30, and 33-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over WIPO Publication WO 01/35828, (WIPO '828) in view of Oliver et al. '116 and in view of Wark et al. '758.

WIPO '828 discloses, Figs. 1 and 4, a patient support device having at least one index positioning means, (any portion or extent of the edge), on a first side and at least one index positioning means, (any portion or extent of the edge), on a second side with the at least one index positioning means on a first side being asymmetrically spaced from an at least one index positioning means on the second side, (e.g., one portion of the edge on a first side is asymmetrically spaced from one offset portion or extent on a second side). The sidewalls can be seen as chamfered with the top surface extending laterally beyond at least one sidewall to form a lip. As such, the indexing means is formed or "contained" in the lip. An accessory device removably secured to the support is at 18/20.

Arguments to each of Oliver et al. '116 and Wark et al. '758 can be found above. To have provided the WIPO '828 support table 10 with index positioning means in the form of a notch along opposite edges thereof as well as provide for both an accessory attachment means and an accessory device, thus allowing for attachment of a patient restraint accessory in an indexing approach, would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made as taught by Oliver et al. '166.

Further, Wark et al. '758 teaches providing an index positioning means along one or both side edges of a patient support device, col. 4, lines 63-67. And, it has been well established that omission of an element and its function is obvious if the function of the

Application/Control Number: 10/633,231 Page 6

Art Unit: 3637

element is not desired. See *Ex parte Wu*, 10 USPQ 2031 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989). See also *In re Larson*, 340 F.2d 965, 144 USPQ 347 (CCPA 1965) and *In re Kuhle*, 526 F.2d 553, 188 USPQ 7 (CCPA 1975).

Therefore, to have further modified the resulting positioning means so as to have a notch along only one edge, (i.e., establish a positioning means 15 on only one edge alternating from one side edge to the other along the length of the support device), thus providing the necessary positioning means along either side of the support without undue work on the table stock, would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made as taught by Wark et al. '758 particularly since it has been well established that omission of an element and its function is obvious if the function of the element is not desired. See Ex parte Wu, 10 USPQ 2031 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989). See also In re Larson, 340 F.2d 965, 144 USPQ 347 (CCPA 1965) and *In re Kuhle*, 526 F.2d 553, 188 USPQ 7 (CCPA 1975). The resulting support of WIPO '828 would thus possess at least one index positioning means 15 on a first side and at least one index positioning means 15 on a second side with the at least one index positioning means 15 on a first side being asymmetrically spaced from an at least one index positioning means 15 on the second side "such that the area directly opposing the at least one positioning feature on the first side and the at least one positioning feature on the second side is free of a positioning feature".

Response to Arguments

Application/Control Number: 10/633,231

Page 7

Art Unit: 3637

Applicant's arguments filed February 21, 2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. As for Applicants' arguments within the third full paragraph on page 10 of the response, it is not seen how Oliver et al. would serve to "teach away from the present invention". Oliver et al. provides for an indexing means to allow for positioning of an accessory device. Further, Wark is directed to a planar support member apparatus incorporating a positioning means in the form of indexing holes 24 that "are used in the art for workpiece transport purposes and to position components within an assembly apparatus. Wark goes on to state that "the flanges 20 and 22 might be provided with board position indicators such as notches 25 (broken lines), holes 27 of a different shape than indexing or tooling holes 24, or segments 29 of a different material detectable by a proximity sensor so that the presence and exact location of a particular board (especially useful on a multi-board carrier) is easily determinable". As such Wark would serve to teach application of indexing means along the edges of a planar support member apparatus for purposes of precise positioning of a device.

As for Applicants' remarks bridging pages 10 and 11 of the response, the instant invention can certainly be considered as removing an element and its function. The Oliver et al. support device positioning features would be eliminated as unnecessary. A positioning feature is eliminated while one remains to allow for attachment of a device. One having ordinary skill in the art would realize that by providing alternating, or offset, "positioning means" along the sides of the Oliver et al. support member the position of an accessory device can be indexed along either side of the support member while eliminating the need for fabricating what would amount to twice as many "positioning"

Application/Control Number: 10/633,231

Art Unit: 3637

means". The examiner's remarks with respect to the rejection of claims over Oliver et al. in view of Wark can be equally applied to the rejection of claims 17, 19, 21-26, 28, 29, 30, and 33-35 over WIPO '828 in view of Oliver et al. and Wark.

Page 8

All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the application prior to the entry of the submission under 37 CFR 1.114 and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the application prior to entry under 37 CFR 1.114. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action after the filing of a request for continued examination and the submission under 37 CFR 1.114. See MPEP § 706.07(b).

Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Application/Control Number: 10/633,231 Page 9

Art Unit: 3637

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to M. Safavi whose telephone number is (571) 272-7046. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Thur., 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lanna Mai can be reached on (571) 272-6867. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/M. Safavi/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3637

M. Safavi May 08, 2008